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CSPE: An Introduction to the Law	

CSPE

An Introduction to the Law

It is not necessary to carry out all the activities contained in this unit.

Please see *Teachers' Notes* for explanations, additional activities, and tips and suggestions.

Theme	An Introduction to the Law					
Levels	A1 – B1					
Language focus	Key vocabulary, word identification, sentence structure, extracting information from text, writing text, grammar.					
Learning focus	Using CSPE textbooks and accessing curriculum content and learning activities.					
Activity types	Matching, word identification, structuring sentences and text, cloze, multiple choice, reading comprehension, categorising vocabulary, recording learning, developing a learning resource.					
Acknowledgement	Extracts from <i>Impact!</i> Jeanne Barrett & Fiona Richardson. Gill & Macmillan.					
	We gratefully acknowledge Gill & Macmillan for the right to reproduce text in some of these activities.					
Learning Record	A copy of the Learning Record should be distributed to each student.					
	Students should:					
	 Write the subject and topic on the record. 					
	Tick off/date the different statements as they complete activities.					
	Keep the record in their files along with the work produced for this unit.					
	4. Use this material to support mainstream subject learning.					

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Making the best use of these units

- Introduction should ensure that students understand what they are doing and why. Many students will have some difficulty in understanding both the language in the activity and the instructions/purpose for carrying out the activity.
- You can create your **personal teaching resource** by printing these units in full and filing them by subject in a large ring binder.
- Encourage students to:
 - Bring the relevant subject textbooks to language support class. It
 does not matter if they have different textbooks as the activities in these
 units refer to vocabulary and other items that will be found in all subject
 textbooks. These units are based on curriculum materials.
 - o Take some **responsibility for their own learning** programmes by:

Developing a **personal dictionary** for different subjects, topics, and other categories of language, on an on-going basis. This prompt is a reminder.



Recording what they have learnt on the *Learning Record*, which should be distributed at the start of each unit.



Keeping their own **files** with good examples of the work produced in language support for different subjects and topics. This file will be an invaluable **learning resource** in supporting mainstream learning.



Indicates that answers may be found at the end of the unit.

 Don't forget that many of the activities in these units are suitable as homework tasks, for self-study, or for use in the subject classroom with the agreement of the subject teacher.

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	_		 		_							

Keywords

The list of keywords for this unit is as follows.

Nouns

advice age barrister case/cases citizen/citizens claim/claims classmates client

compensation consumer court/courts courtroom court case crime

criminal/criminals (noun)

decisions defendant findings Garda/Gardaí Garda Siochana judge/judges

jury law/laws lawyer

neighbourhood

Neighbourhood Watch

offence ombudsman people person police

policeman/policewoman

prison problem project protection research

responsibility/ responsibilities

rights rules society solicitor team

trial

visit

witness

Verbs

to advise to alert to charge to commit to decide to enable to get involved

to have

to hear a court case

to listen to organise to protect to solve to sue

to take to court

to visit to watch

Adjectives

active civil

committed communal concerned

criminal (adjective)

designated guilty human important

individual (adjective)

innocent isolated legal local national personal political recent responsible social specific

Other key words

legally

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Vocabulary file 1

This activity may be done in language support class or in the mainstream subject classroom.

Word	Meaning	Word in my language
advice		
advise		
court		
courtroom		
legally		
crime		
criminal		

Get your teacher to check this and then file it in your folder so you can use it in the future.

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Vocabulary file 2

This activity may be done in language support class or in the mainstream subject classroom.

Word	Meaning	Word in my language
decisions		
judge		
rights		
jury		
neighbourhood		
community		
prison		

Get your teacher to check this and then file it in your folder so you can use it in the future.

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Vocabulary file 3

This activity may be done in language support class or in the mainstream subject classroom.

Word	Meaning	Word in my language
solicitor	····· ·	word in any ranguage
barrister		
lawyer		
legal		
civic		
trial		
police		

Get your teacher to check this and then file it in your folder so you can use it in the future.

NAME: DATE:

Level: All

Type of activity: Whole class

Focus: vocabulary, spelling,

dictionary

Suggested time: 10 minutes

Activating students' existing knowledge

Use a spidergram to activate students' ideas and knowledge on the key points in this chapter. See **Teachers' Notes** for suggestions.

Possible key terms for the spidergram:

the law

- Invite students to provide key words in their own languages.
- Encourage dictionary use.
- Encourage students to organise their vocabulary into relevant categories (e.g. meaning, nouns, keywords, verbs etc.).

Students should record vocabulary and terms from the spidergram in their personal dictionaries.

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Level: A1

Type of activity: Pairs or individual

Focus: vocabulary, spelling,

dictionary

Suggested time: 30 minutes

Working with words - Tick the correct answer





a) community

b) courtroom

c) park

d) classmates

Look at these two groups of words. Check the meanings of the words that you do not know. Then write the words in your own language.

Families of words	In my language
legal	
illegal	
concerned	
unconcerned	
political	
non-political	
specific	
non-specific	

Scrambled sentences

Re-arrange these words to make sentences. Do not forget the punctuation.



hears judge a in cases court

defends barrister client a a



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NAME:	DATE:
	DAIL.

Level: A1

Type of activity: Pairs or individual

Picture Sentences

Focus: vocabulary, basic

sentence structure

Suggested time: 30 minutes

1.

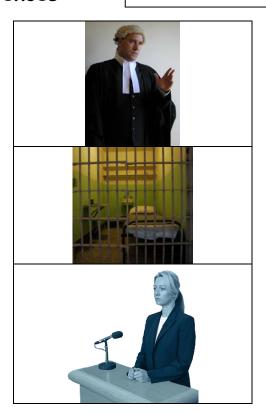
- a). This is an actor.
- b). This is a barrister.
- c). This is a game.

2.

- a). This is a class.
- b). This is a planet.
- c). This is a prison.

3.

- a). This is a witness.
- b). This is a car.
- c). These are subjects.



Find these words in your textbook.

Write your own explanations for the words. Then write the word in your own language. Use your dictionary if necessary.

Word	Page in textbook	Explanation	In my language
protect			
decision			
criminal			
legal			

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Ту	evel: A1 / A2 pe of activity dividual	: Pairs or	v	ocus: word identification, ocabulary Suggested time: 20 minutes
		Odd	One Out	
line			_	e other words in each
Exa	mple: app	le orange	banana ta	×i
1.	solicitor	barrister	gardener	judge
2.	court	jury	trial	tree
3.	cat	prison	criminal	guilty
4.	case	crime	dog	victim
Wri	te down all th	e words you kno	w that are relat	ted to the law.
	 			
writ	re about the lo	•	ı come across ir	and laws. You should n school, the community nr home country.
1				

3. _____

Level: A2 / B1

Type of activity: Individual

Focus: key vocabulary, writing

descriptive text

Suggested time: 40 minutes

CSPE Keywords

Fill in the missing letters of the keywords listed below. On the line beside each word, write whether the word is a noun, an adjective or a verb.

- 1. pr_ _ on _____
- 2. co__it _____
- 3. nei__bou_ho_d ____
- 4. g_il_y _____

Finish these sentences using words from the box. Use each word once:

This is ______.

This ______.

These are _____.

In the sequence is _____.

a is
this
judges
are jury
a these
is criminals
prisons
Garda a
solicitor

_____ are _____.

NAME:							DATE:	_					
	_	-	_	_	_	_							

Level: A1 / A2

Type of activity: Pairs or

individual

Focus: key vocabulary, pronunciation, spelling

Suggested time: 20 minutes



Unscramble the letters

1	This is where a judge listens to a case	OCTUR
1.	This is where a ludge listens to a case	UCIUR
-•		

Answer ____

2. S/he defends people who are accused of a crime LIRCISOOT

Answer

3. When a person has committed a crime, s/he is...

UTYGIL

Answer _____

4. People who commit crimes are sometimes sent here IPNRSO

Look at each word as you write the answer.

Is your <u>spelling</u> correct?

Can you <u>pronounce</u> the word?

Do you know what the word means?

Have you got this word in your personal dictionary?





Solve the secret code

English=	A	D	E	L	Ν	S	W
Code=	В	X	У	F	G	Q	R

example: FBGX = LAND

RY GYYX FBRQ =

NAME:	DATE:

Level: A2 / B1

Type of activity: Pairs or

individual

Focus: reading comprehension, extracting meaning from text,

vocabulary

Gardaí

have

Suggested time: 30 minutes

Completing sentences



Fill in the blanks in these sentences. Use words from the Word Box below.

In recent years special units within the Gardo	aí been set up to deal with
the specific problems that our society faces,	, e.g. the Drugs Unit. Within the
there are also special section	ns like the Forensic Science Laboratory,
which is important in the solving of murders.	
Crime prevention through schemes such as No	leighbourhood Watch and Community Alert
give better protection to people living in isolo	ated and rural areas. A TV programme like
Crimeline shows how citizens hel	lp the Gardaí with detection
It asks us as members of the	to become involved where possible.
14/ / 0	

Word Box:

crime

can

<i>P</i> (₹) €	Ter	nses
	Present 	Past
	to enable	
Fill in the past tenses	to prepare	
of these verbs!	to do	
lighlight the	to make	
verbs.	to have	

community

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NAME:						 DATE:					
	_	 _	_	_	_						

Level: A2 / B1

Type of activity: Individual

Focus: key vocabulary, topic

information, reading comprehension

Suggested time: 30 minutes



Multiple choice

(Read the text below and choose the best answers)

Text:

The Courts System

Laws are made by the government to protect the citizens of the country.

- Criminal Law is when a person is charged by the Gardaí with an offence e.g. robbery, assault or murder.
- Civil law is the law of the state used for civilian and private matters. If someone feels they have been wronged and wishes a court to decide on the issue, civil law is used.

Simple examples of such cases might be where a person who has fallen on the wet floor of a supermarket, takes the owner to court, to sue him for the injury caused by the fall, and seek compensation. Or a person unhappy with a holiday, who takes the travel company to court, claiming that their accommodation was not of similar standard to the one advertised in the company's brochure.

(Impact!, page 105)

1.	Who a	re laws made to protect?		
	a)	consumers	b)	the government
	c)	the citizens of the country	d)	the Gardaí
2.	In Ire	land, what kind of law is used	d to cho	arge a person with an offence?
	a)	consumer law	b)	civil law
	c)	criminal law	d)	land law
3.	What i	s civil law used for?		
	a)	the government	b)	civilian and private matters
	c)	murder	d)	assault
4.	Is rob	bery a crime?		
	a)	Yes	b)	No
5.	Is it po	ossible to use civil law if you	fall on	a wet floor in a supermarket?
	a) .	Yes	b)	No

NAME:	DATE:

Level: A2 / B1

Type of activity: Pairs / small

groups

Focus: vocabulary, structure,

creating text

Suggested time: 40 minutes

Planning text

Use this chart to plan a short text on the topic, 'What happens in a court case'.

Introduction

First paragraph

Second paragraph

Concluding points

Important words for this topic.

What is the difference between <u>guilty</u> and <u>innocent?</u>
Look carefully at the spelling.





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Like your plan and your toythook to w	nito about
Use your plan and your textbook to wi 'What happens in	
what happens in	n a court case.
·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·····
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	·····
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	
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When your teacher has checked this, file it in your folder so you can use it in the future.

NAME:		DATI	E:	
CSPE: An Intr	oduction to the Law	1		
Level: All Type of activ	vity: Individual		Focus: content work, wo identification Suggested time:	rd
	Gram	mar poi	nts	
In this Unit, w	ve came across the f	following v	erbs:	
to orgato getto make				
	erbs in your dictiona Itence using each ver	•	ces should be in the	nast tense
Wille one sen	Tence using each ver	b. Senten	ccs should be in the	<u>past rense</u> .
to organise				
to get				
to make				
	verbs in these columi e the highest? Perha		•	orrect answer.
can		crim	e	
visit				
legal		park wata		1111
your		waic	;rt	
, o		hear	'S	
decisions			. ••	
getting		comr	munity	
rules		right	ts	
		guilt	у	

decides

advice

have

trial

innocent

committing

are

Level: All Type of activity: Individual Gramma				ver	bs	and irregula	
In this	Unit, we c	ame across m	Grammar any verbs.	Points			
		verbs in the 1st person sir	•	_			the <u>pre</u>
ve	rb		ent tense		Past tense		
Example	o: L	3 rd person si le reads	ngular (he or	she)	1° pers	on singular (I)
to read		ie reads			I read		
to hear	1						
to be							
to deci	de						
to orgo	nise						
to mak	е						
to have	2						
to get							
to judg	ge						
to wate	ch						
t these	words int	o two boxes	to show pa	st and p	resent tens	se.	
ard	commit		organised		had	got	was
	gets		decided		watch	are	has
re	commit	s	get		watched	made	
dged	can		have		listened		
Present tense		nt tense			<u>Pas</u>	t tense	

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	Alphaboxes		
Levels A1 and A2	•		
Using your textbook, find	<u>one</u> word beginning with eac	h of the letters of the alpho	abet.
Write the word in the rele	vant box. You could also wri	te the word in your own lang	uage.
α	Ь	С	
d	e	f	
	1		Do you
9	h	i	understand all these
			words?
j	k	I	
			Get your
m	n		teacher to
m	n	0	check this, then file it in
			your folder
			so you can
n		r	use it in the
p	9	1	future.
		L	
S	t	u	

xyz

DATE:

NAME:

٧

W

·/···



Word Search

Find the words in the box below. When you have found all the words, write each word in your own language.



ADVICE	GUILTY	PRISON
CASES	JUDGE	RIGHTS
COMMITTED	JURY	SOLICITOR
COMMUNITY	LAW	WATCH
CONSUMER	LAWS	WITNESS
COURT	LEGALLY	
CRIME	NEIGHBOURHOOD	
CRIMINAL	OMBUDSMAN	
DECISIONS	ORGANISE	
GARDAI	PEOPLE	

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Make Snap cards with 2 sets of the sideas about how to use the cards.	lay Snap same keywords. See <i>Notes for teachers</i> for
jury	jury
legal	legal
criminals	criminals

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team	team
consumer	consumer
neighbourhood	neighbourhood

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Gardaí	Gardaí
judge	judge
prison	prison

NAME:	_ DATE:			
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,	,			
:	:			
:	:			
•				
nichta	niohta			
rights	rights			
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
:	1			
	:			
legally	legally			
	- - -			
· ·	: :			
	·			
-				
I :	:			
decision	decision			
-				
	:			
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			

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Answer key

Scrambled sentences =

a judge hears cases in court.

a barrister defends a client.

Odd One Out = gardener, tree, cat, dog

Letter Scramble = court

solicitor guilty prison

Secret Code = we need laws

Completing Text =

In recent years special units within the Gardaí have been set up to deal with the specific problems that our society faces, e.g. the Drugs Unit. Within the Gardaí there are also special sections like the Forensic Science Laboratory, which is important in the solving of murders.

Crime prevention through schemes such as Neighbourhood Watch and Community Alert give better protection to people living in isolated and rural areas. A TV programme like *Crimeline* shows how citizens can help the Gardaí with crime detection. It asks us as members of the community to become involved where possible.

(Impact!, page 104)

Multiple Choice = c, c, b, a, a

Grammar Points = can, visit, getting (to get), decides (to decide), have, park, watch, hears (to hear), are (to be), committing (to commit)

Word Search:

